Searching for New Physics by studying the photon polarization in b→sγ

Fu-Sheng Yu

Lanzhou University



In collaboration with Emi Kou (LAL), Cai-Dian Lu (IHEP)

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9th TeV workshop

Powerful indirect search of new physics

through quantum loop effect



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Photon Polarization in $b \rightarrow s\gamma$



 \gg b \rightarrow sy process has particular Dirac structure

 $m_b \bar{s}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} q^{\nu} b_R$







 \gg b \rightarrow sy process has particular Dirac structure







In the SM, opposite chirality is suppressed by ms/mb

 \gg b \rightarrow sy process has particular Dirac structure







Left-Handedness in the SM, due to left-handed current

 \gg b \rightarrow sy process has particular Dirac structure







Ceft-Handedness in the SM, due to left-handed current
Possible large NP effect due to "chiral enhancement"

Example: Left-Right Symmetric Model

[E.Kou, C.-D.Lu, F.-S.Yu, JHEP2013]

Gauge symmetry broken in two steps

 $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)_{B-L} \to SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \to U(1)_{EM}$

[Pati,Salam,1974';Mohapatra,Sejanovic,1975']

by
$$\langle \Delta_R \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ v_R & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\langle \Phi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \kappa & 0 \\ 0 & \kappa' e^{i\omega} \end{pmatrix}$

 $\kappa,\kappa',v_L\ll v_R$ Right handed mass very large

Gauge bosons: left- and right-handed currents

 $\begin{pmatrix} W_L^- \\ W_R^- \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \zeta & -\sin \zeta e^{iw} \\ \sin \zeta e^{-iw} & \cos \zeta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} W_1^- \\ W_2^- \end{pmatrix}$ mass eigenstates are mixture of W_L & W_R





$$C_{7\gamma}'(\mu_{W_1})_{W_1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{m_t}{m_b} \frac{g_R^2}{g_L^2} \frac{V_{ts}^{R*}}{V_{ts}^{L*}} \frac{M_{W_1}^2}{M_{W_2}^2} \sin 2\beta e^{-i\omega} A_{\text{LR}}(x_t)$$



$$C_{7\gamma}'(\mu_{W_1})_{W_1} = \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\frac{m_t}{m_b}}_{g_L^2} \frac{g_R^2}{V_{ts}^{R*}} \frac{V_{ts}^{R*}}{M_{W_2}^2} \frac{M_{W_1}^2}{\sin 2\beta e^{-i\omega} A_{\text{LR}}(x_t)}$$





Chiral enhancement term

Photon Polarization in the LRSM

[E.Kou, C.-D.Lu, F.-S.Yu, JHEP2013]



How to Measure Polarization

• Angular analysis in e+e- low mass region in

 $\bar{B} \rightarrow K^* e^+ e^-$ [Kruger, Matias, PRD71] [Becirevic, Schneider, NPB854]

• Time-dependent CP asymmetry in $B \to f_{CP} \gamma ~ (K_S^0 \pi^0 \gamma)$

[Atwood et.al. 1997']

Measurement of hadronic state helicity in

 $B \to A\gamma \to P_1 P_2 P_3\gamma$

[Gronau et.al. PRL88] [Kou et.al. PRD83]

Hadronic State Helicity in $\bar{B} \rightarrow A\gamma \rightarrow P_1 P_2 P_3 \gamma$







 $\bar{B} \to K_1 \gamma \to K \pi \pi \gamma$ has been studied

[Gronau, et al, 2002'; Kou, et al, 2011']

$$\lambda_{\gamma} \equiv \frac{\left|\mathcal{M}(\overline{B} \to \overline{K}_{1R}\gamma_R)\right|^2 - \left|\mathcal{M}(\overline{B} \to \overline{K}_{1L}\gamma_L)\right|^2}{\left|\mathcal{M}(\overline{B} \to \overline{K}_{1}\gamma)\right|^2} \approx \frac{\left|C_{7\gamma}'/C_{7\gamma}\right|^2 - 1}{\left|C_{7\gamma}'/C_{7\gamma}\right|^2 + 1}$$

Polarization determination with $B \rightarrow K_{I} (\rightarrow K \pi \pi) \gamma$



The up-down asymmetry

Gronau, Grossman, Pirjol, Ryd PRL88('01)



 $B^{\pm} \to K^{\pm} \pi^{\mp} \pi^{\pm} \gamma$ measured by LHCb



The up-down asymmetry, proportional to photon polarization, is different from zero at 5.2 σ significant level

Detailed information of K resonances are required



Conclusion

- Photon polarization is useful to search for NP
- Wrong polarization may be large in LRSM, to be tested in the future experiments
- To determine the photon polarization, we need to study the details of hadronic K resonances decays