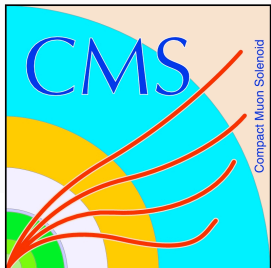


Top quark property measurements at CMS

The 9th Workshop of TeV Physics Working
Group in 2014



Yanjun Tu

Heaviest elementary particle known

- ▶ Produced at the LHC predominantly through strong interactions - high production rate
- ▶ Decays predominantly through $t \rightarrow bW$
- ▶ Decays before hadronization - access spin information via its decay products

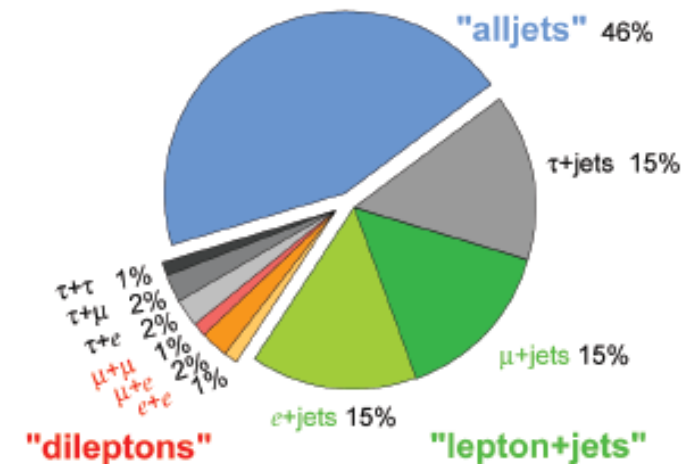
▶ Test Standard Model predictions

- ▶ Mass, couplings, and other properties have been measured precisely at the LHC

▶ Probe to new physics

- ▶ Large couplings to the Higgs boson
- ▶ Special role in the EW symmetry breaking in many new physics scenarios

Top Pair Branching Fractions



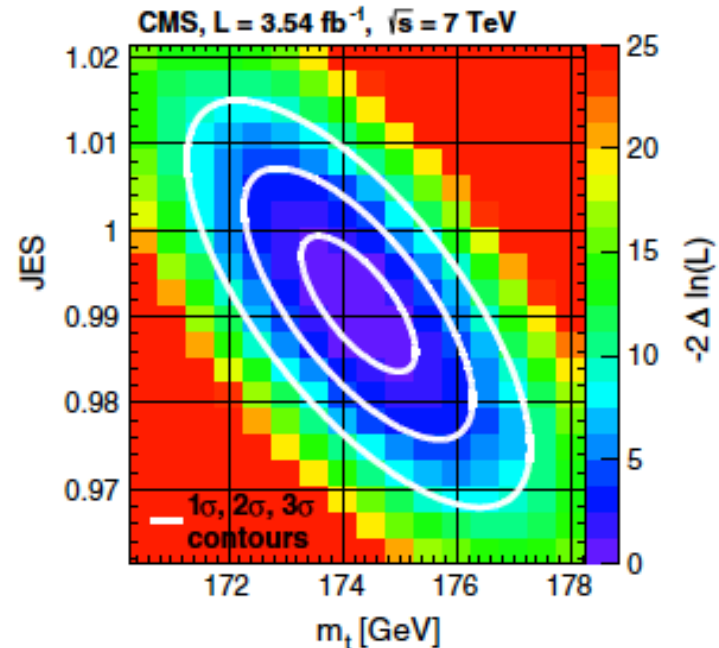
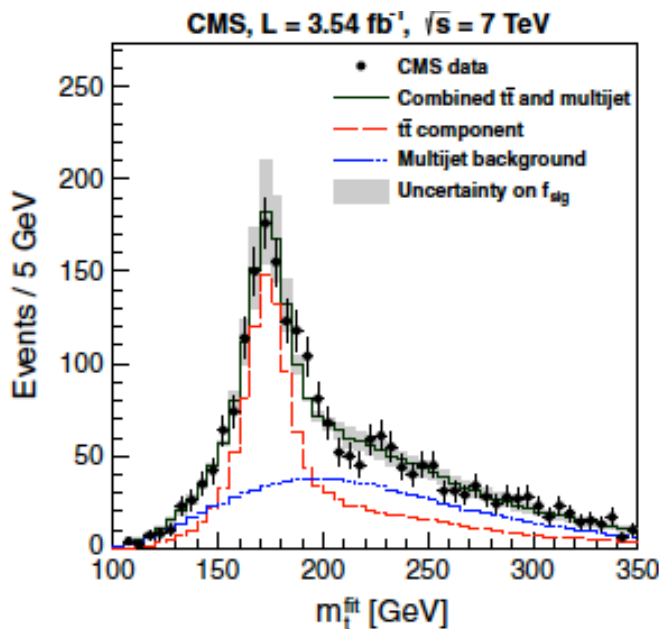
Outline:

- ▶ Top mass
- ▶ $T\bar{T}$ spin correlation and top polarization
- ▶ Top pair charge asymmetry
- ▶ W helicity in top decays
- ▶ Search for anomalous couplings
- ▶ $T\bar{T}$ association production with photon

Top mass at 7 TeV - hadronic

- ▶ **2011 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}: 3.54/\text{fb}$**
- ▶ At least 6 jets, at least two of them are b-tagged
- ▶ Kinematic fit with the constraints that the reconstructed masses of two tops are equal and the mass of both W bosons is 80.4 GeV
- ▶ Cuts on the goodness of fit probability and separation of the two b jets are applied
- ▶ Ideogram method uses a likelihood function that allows the determination of the JES and the top quark mass simultaneously by a joint fit to all events in data

CMS-TOP-11-017
 EPJC 74 (2014) 2758

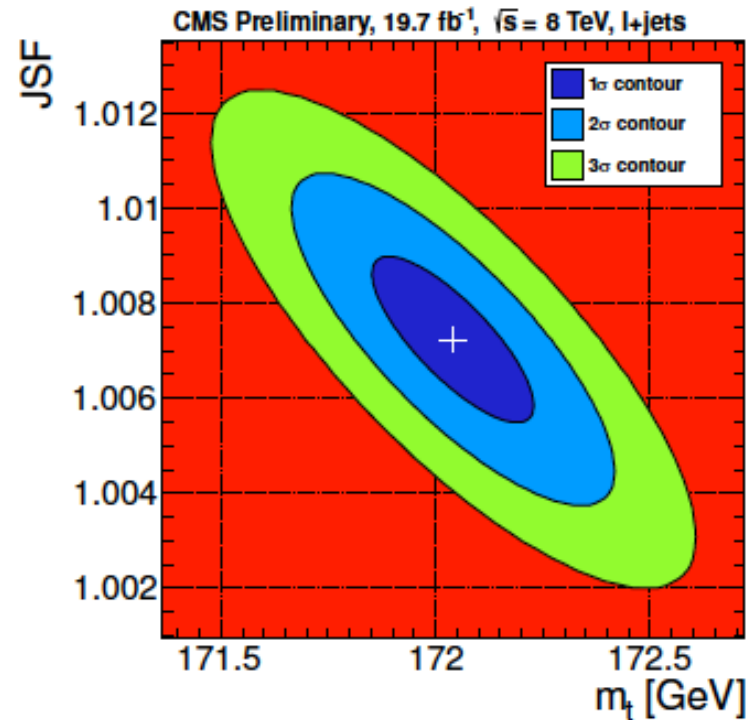
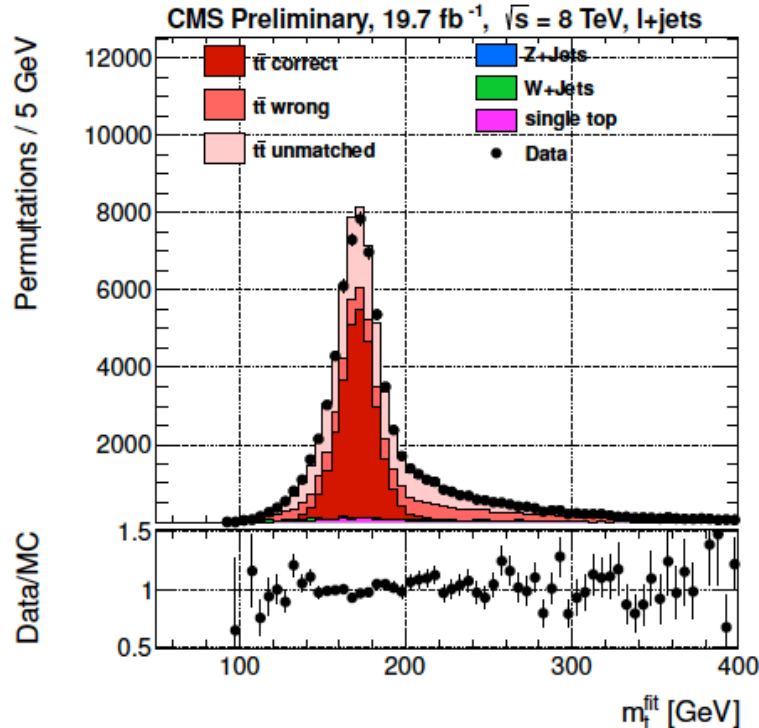


2D Fit Results: $m_t = 174.28 \pm 1.00(\text{stat}+\text{JES}) \pm 1.23(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$ and $\text{JES} = 0.991 \pm 0.008(\text{stat}) \pm 0.013(\text{syst})$



Top mass at 8 TeV - single lepton

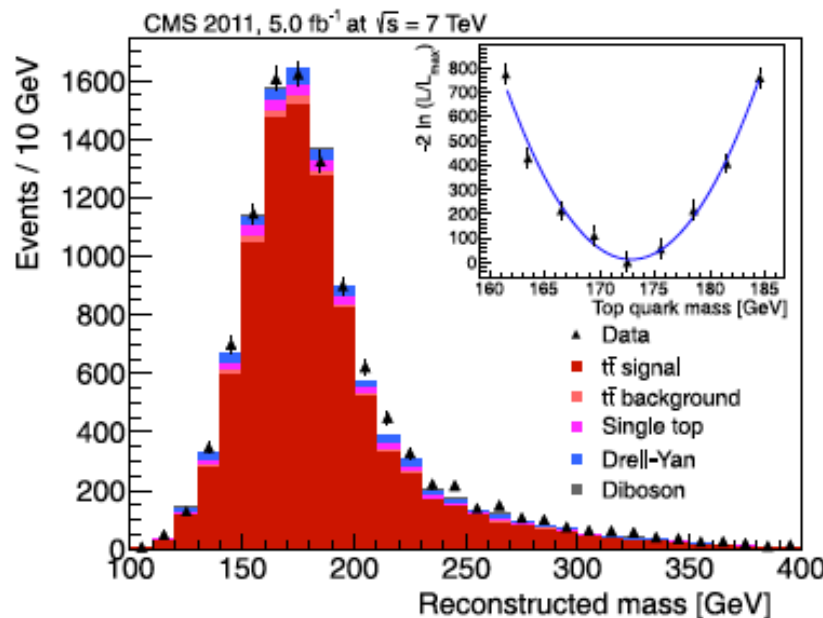
- ▶ **Full 2012 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV: 19.7/fb**
- ▶ One isolated lepton, at least 4 jets, two of them are b-tagged, MET
- ▶ A kinematic fit of the decay products to a $t\bar{t}$ hypothesis
- ▶ Ideogram method: 2D likelihood functions for each event to estimate simultaneously the top-quark mass and the jet energy scale (JSF)



$$m_t = 172.04 \pm 0.19(\text{stat} + \text{JSF}) \pm 0.75(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$
$$\text{JSF} = 1.007 \pm 0.002(\text{stat}) \pm 0.012(\text{syst})$$

CMS-TOP-14-001

- ▶ **Full 2011 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV: 5.0/fb**
- ▶ Two isolated leptons, at least two jets (at least one b-tagged jet), MET
- ▶ Analytical Matrix Weighting Technique: the kinematic equations are solved many times per event using a series of top-quark mass hypotheses **between 100 and 400 GeV in 1 GeV steps.**
- ▶ Each solution is weighted according to top mass hypothesis and lepton momenta



- ▶ For each event, the mass hypothesis with maximum weight is chosen
- ▶ For each value of M_t , a likelihood is computed by comparing the reconstructed mass distribution in data with the expectation in simulation

$$M_t = 172.5 \pm 0.4(\text{stat}) \pm 1.5(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$$

CMS-TOP-11-016
 EPJC 72 (2012) 2202

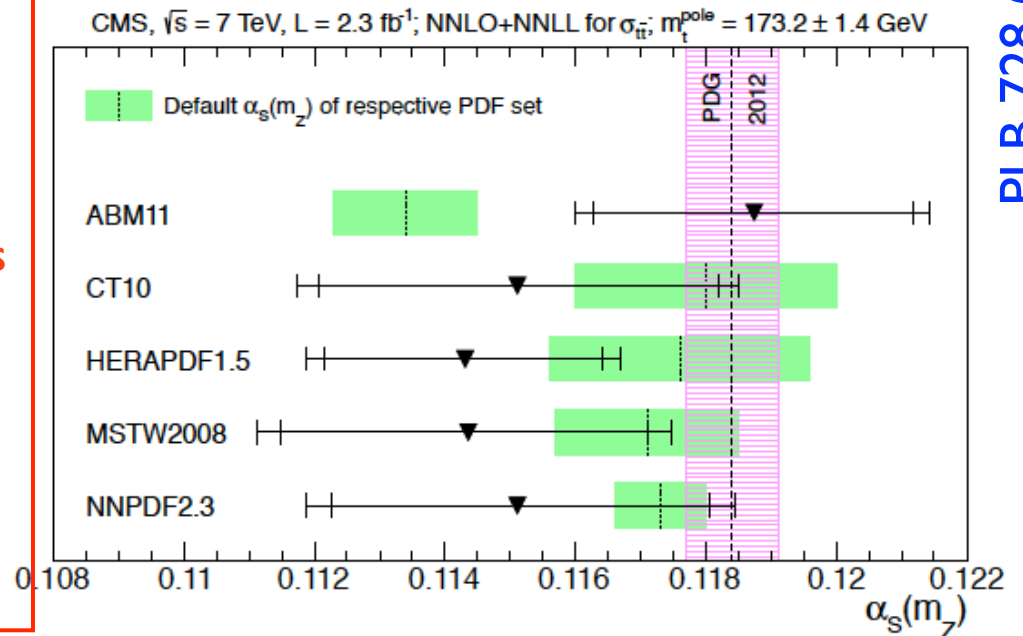
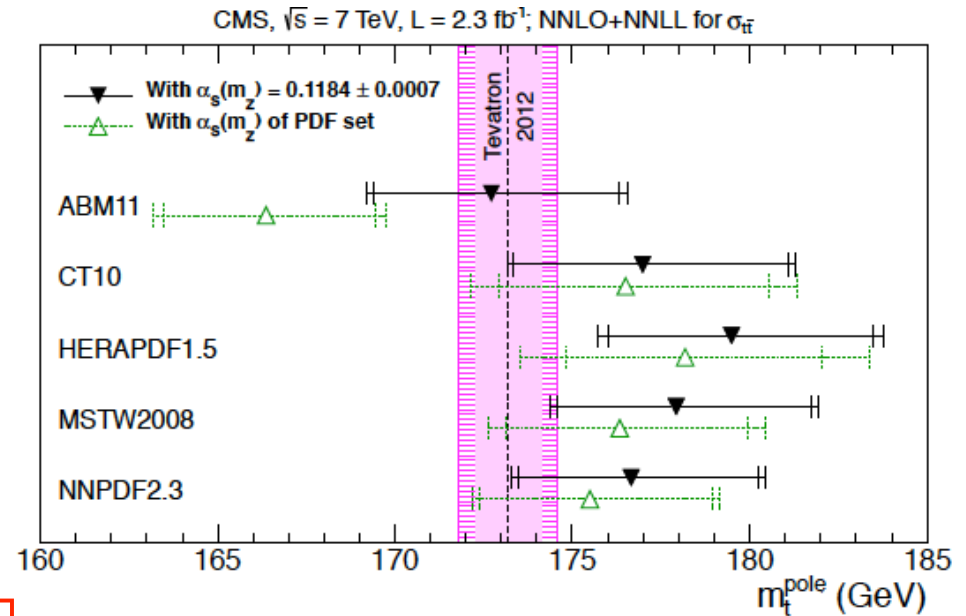
► **2011 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV: 2.3/fb**

► The measured inclusive cross section for top-quark pair production is compared to the QCD prediction at NNLO to determine top pole mass or the strong coupling α_s

Observed cross section in the dilepton channel with 2.3/fb: 161.9 ± 6.7 pb

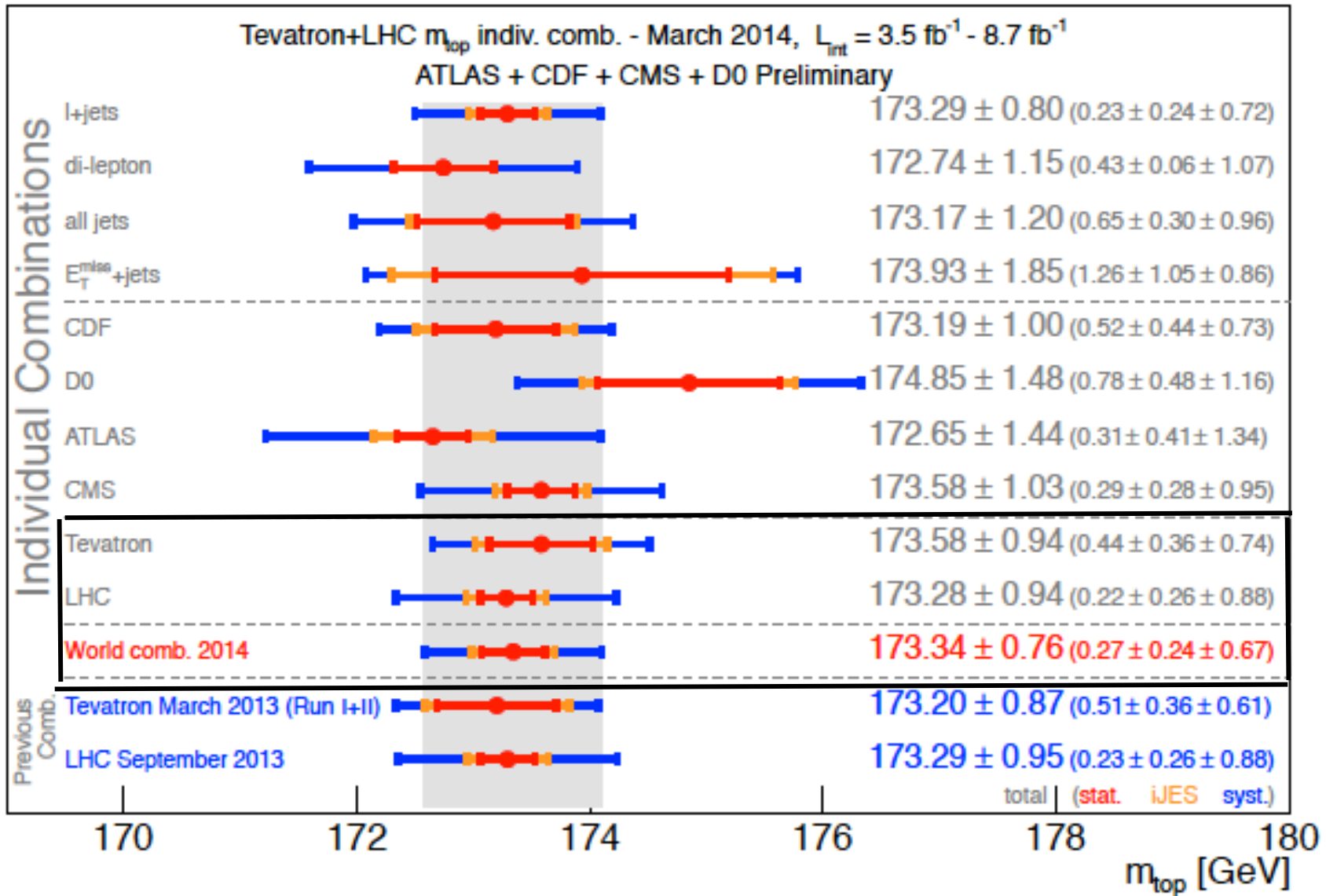
With the PDF set NNPDF2.3, $M_t = 176.7^{+3.8}_{-3.4}$ GeV when constraining $\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1184$

$\alpha_s(M_Z) = 0.1151^{+0.0033}_{-0.0032}$ when constraining $M_t = 173.2$ GeV





Top mass new combinations





Top spin correlation and polarization in $t\bar{t}$

- ▶ **Full 2011 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV: 5/fb**
- ▶ Dilepton channel, **top kinematics reconstructed** using analytical matrix weighting technique
- ▶ An “**unfolding**” procedure is employed to correct acceptance and resolution effects

CMS-TOP-13-003
accepted by PRL

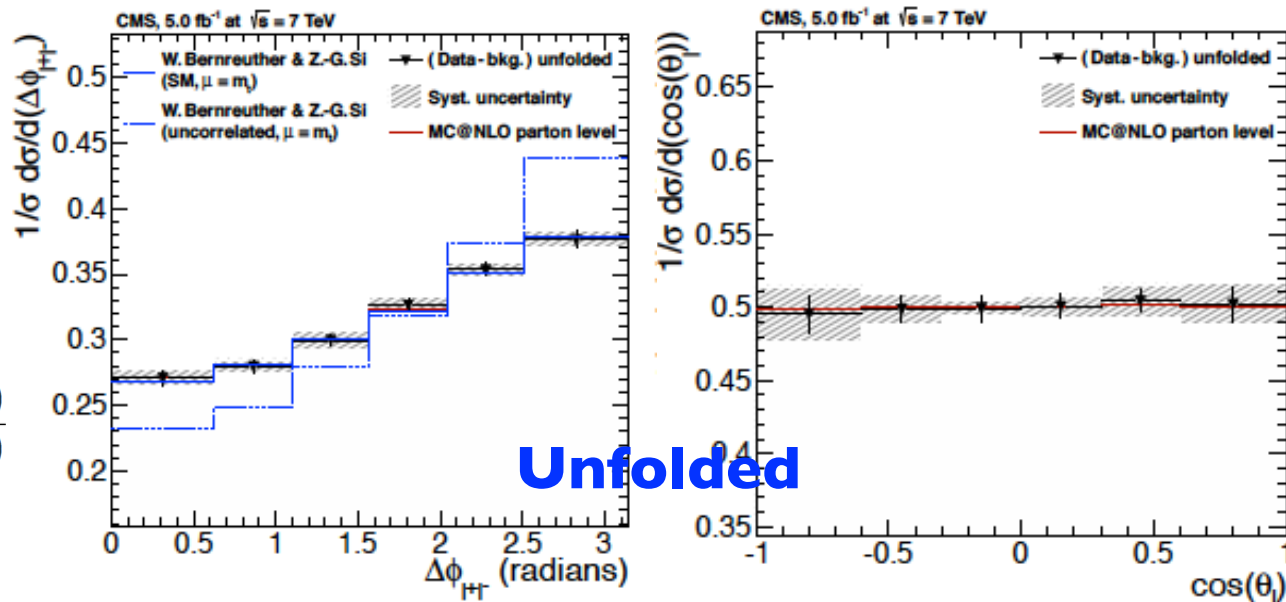
$$A_P = \frac{N(\cos(\theta_\ell) > 0) - N(\cos(\theta_\ell) < 0)}{N(\cos(\theta_\ell) > 0) + N(\cos(\theta_\ell) < 0)}$$

in the helicity basis

$$A_{\Delta\phi} = \frac{N(\Delta\phi_{\ell+\ell^-} > \pi/2) - N(\Delta\phi_{\ell+\ell^-} < \pi/2)}{N(\Delta\phi_{\ell+\ell^-} > \pi/2) + N(\Delta\phi_{\ell+\ell^-} < \pi/2)}$$

$$A_{c_1 c_2} = \frac{N(c_1 \cdot c_2 > 0) - N(c_1 \cdot c_2 < 0)}{N(c_1 \cdot c_2 > 0) + N(c_1 \cdot c_2 < 0)}$$

where $c_1 = \cos(\theta_{l+})$ and $c_2 = \cos(\theta_{l-})$,



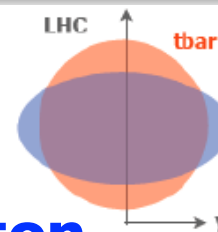
Asymmetry	Data (unfolded)	MC@NLO	NLO (SM, correlated)	NLO (uncorrelated)
$A_{\Delta\phi}$	$0.113 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.012$	0.110 ± 0.001	$0.115^{+0.014}_{-0.016}$	$0.210^{+0.013}_{-0.008}$
$A_{c_1 c_2}$	$-0.021 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.010$	-0.078 ± 0.001	-0.078 ± 0.006	0
A_P	$0.005 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.008$	0.000 ± 0.001	N/A	N/A

Top pair charge asymmetry at 7 TeV

► Full 2011 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV: 5.0/fb

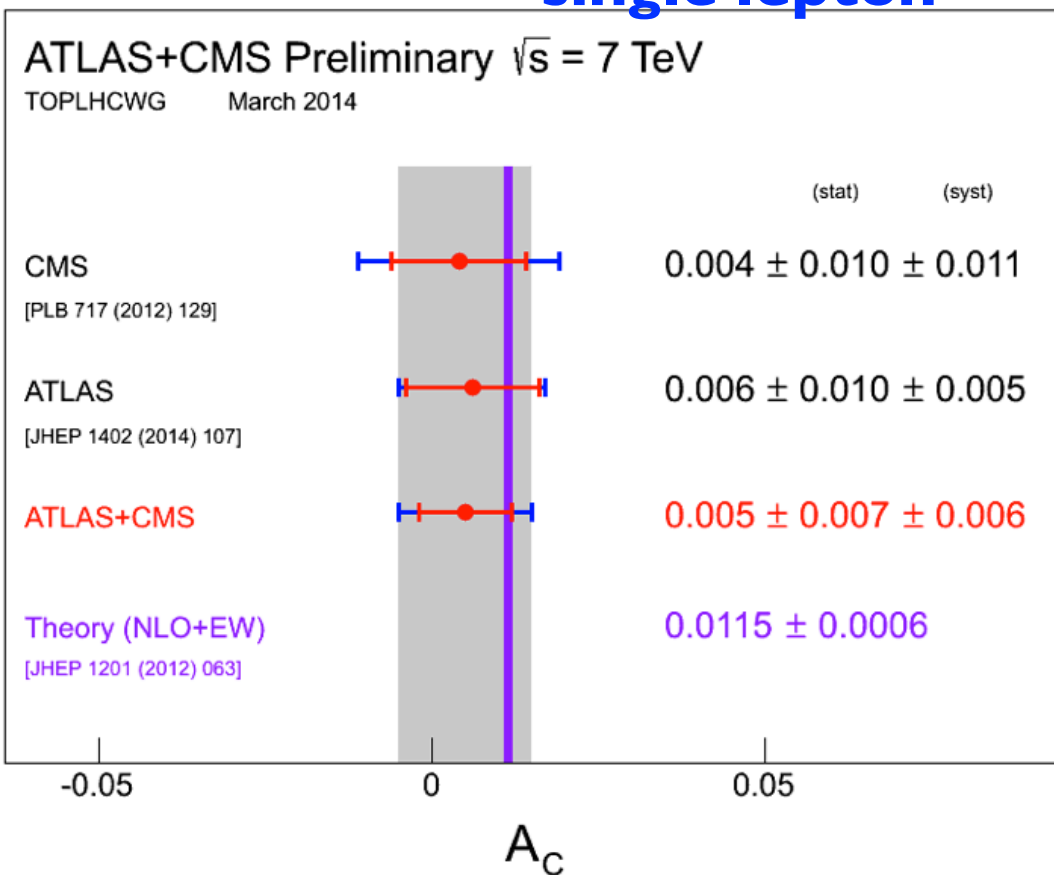
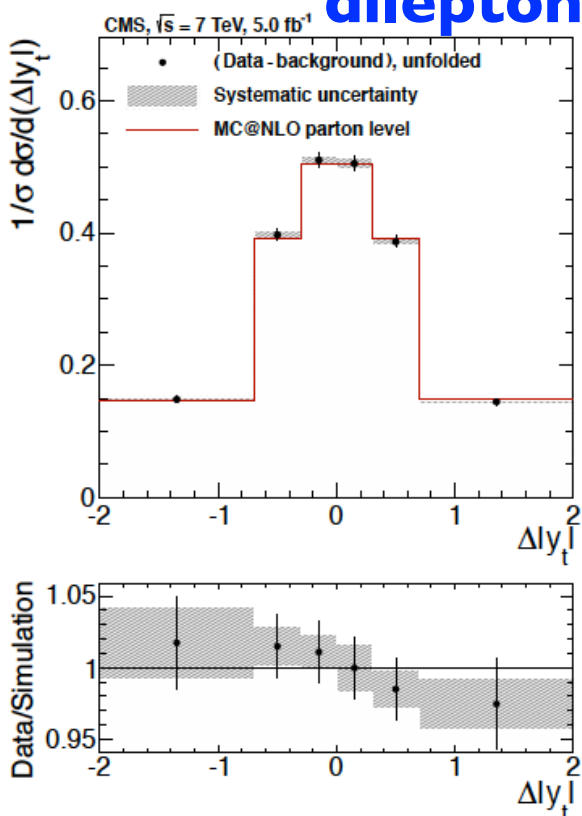
$$A_C^{\text{lep}} = \frac{N(\Delta|\eta_e| > 0) - N(\Delta|\eta_e| < 0)}{N(\Delta|\eta_e| > 0) + N(\Delta|\eta_e| < 0)}$$

$$A_C = \frac{N(|y_t| > |y_{\bar{t}}) - N(|y_t| < |y_{\bar{t}})}{N(|y_t| > |y_{\bar{t}}) + N(|y_t| < |y_{\bar{t}})}$$



dilepton

single lepton



CMS dilepton channel
 $A_C = -0.010 \pm 0.017(\text{stat}) \pm 0.008(\text{syst})$
 $A_C^{\text{lep}} = 0.009 \pm 0.010(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$

ATLAS+CMS: single lepton channel
 $A_C = 0.005 \pm 0.007(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst});$
 NLO: 0.0115 ± 0.0006 [JHEP 1201 \(2012\) 063](#)

CMS-TOP-12-010
accepted by JHEP

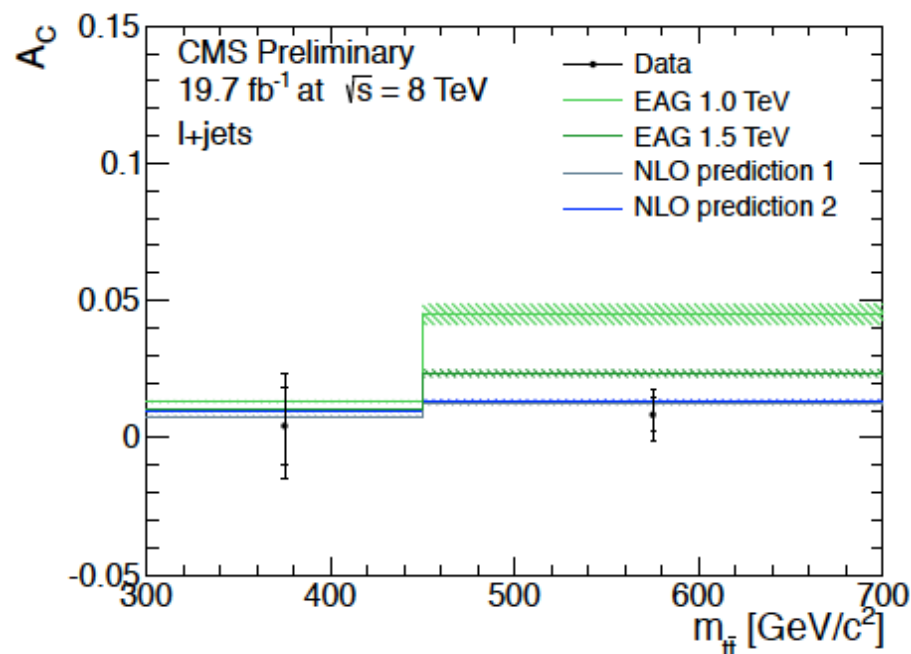
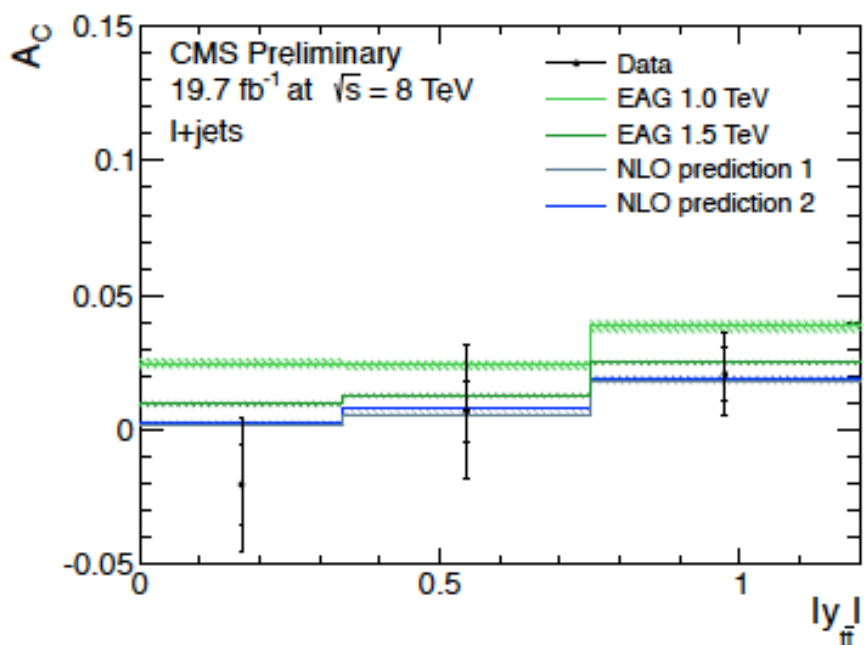
CMS PAS TOP-14-006



Top pair charge asymmetry at 8 TeV

- ▶ Full 2012 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV: 19.7/fb
- ▶ One isolated lepton, at least 4 jets, at least one jet tagged as b

$$A_C = \frac{N(|y_t| > |y_{\bar{t}}|) - N(|y_t| < |y_{\bar{t}}|)}{N(|y_t| > |y_{\bar{t}}|) + N(|y_t| < |y_{\bar{t}}|)}$$



Inclusive measurement: $0.005 \pm 0.007(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$

NLO: 0.0111 ± 0.0004 [Phys. Rev. D 86 \(2012\) 034026](#)

EAG: Model featuring an effective axial-vector coupling of the gluon: [Phys. Rev. D 85 \(2012\) 074021](#)

CMS PAS TOP-12-033

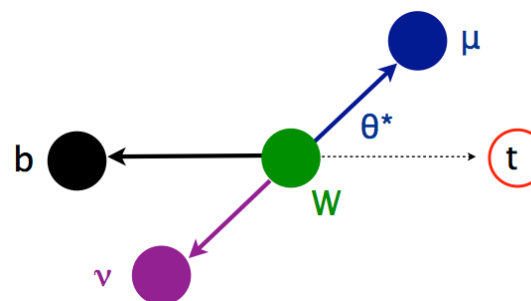
W helicity in top events

- ▶ W boson helicity fraction in top-quark decays are sensitive to the Wtb couplings
- ▶ Measure W helicity fractions (F_R , F_L , and F_0) using $\cos(\theta^*)$ distribution in $t\bar{t}$ events
- ▶ NNLO predictions in the SM: $F_L=0.311\pm0.05$, $F_0=0.687\pm0.005$, $F_R=0.0017\pm0.0001$
[Phys. Rev. D 81 \(2010\) 111503](#)

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d\cos\theta^*} = \frac{3}{8}(1-\cos\theta^*)^2 F_L + \frac{3}{8}(1+\cos\theta^*)^2 F_R + \frac{3}{4}(\sin\theta^*)^2 F_0 \quad F_L + F_R + F_0 = 1$$

7 TeV

Lepton+jets	$F_L = 0.310 \pm 0.022$ (stat.) ± 0.022 (syst.), $F_R = 0.008 \pm 0.012$ (stat.) ± 0.014 (syst.), $F_0 = 0.682 \pm 0.030$ (stat.) ± 0.033 (syst.) JHEP 10 (2013) 167
Dilepton	$F_L = 0.288 \pm 0.035$ (stat) ± 0.040 (sys), $F_R = 0.014 \pm 0.027$ (stat) ± 0.042 (sys), $F_0 = 0.698 \pm 0.057$ (stat) ± 0.063 (sys) CMS PASTOP-12-015
Single top	$F_L = 0.293 \pm 0.069$ (stat.) ± 0.030 (syst.), $F_R = -0.006 \pm 0.057$ (stat.) ± 0.027 (syst.), $F_0 = 0.713 \pm 0.114$ (stat.) ± 0.023 (syst.) CMS PASTOP-12-020
Atlas+CMS combination Lepton+jets and dilepton	$F_L = 0.359 \pm 0.021$ (stat.) ± 0.028 (syst.), $F_R = 0.015 \pm 0.034$, $F_0 = 0.626 \pm 0.034$ (stat.) ± 0.048 (syst.) CMS PASTOP-12-025



8 TeV

Lepton+jets	$F_L = 0.350 \pm 0.010$ (stat.) ± 0.024 (syst.), $F_R = -0.009 \pm 0.006$ (stat.) ± 0.020 (syst.), $F_0 = 0.659 \pm 0.015$ (stat.) ± 0.023 (syst.) CMS PASTOP-13-008
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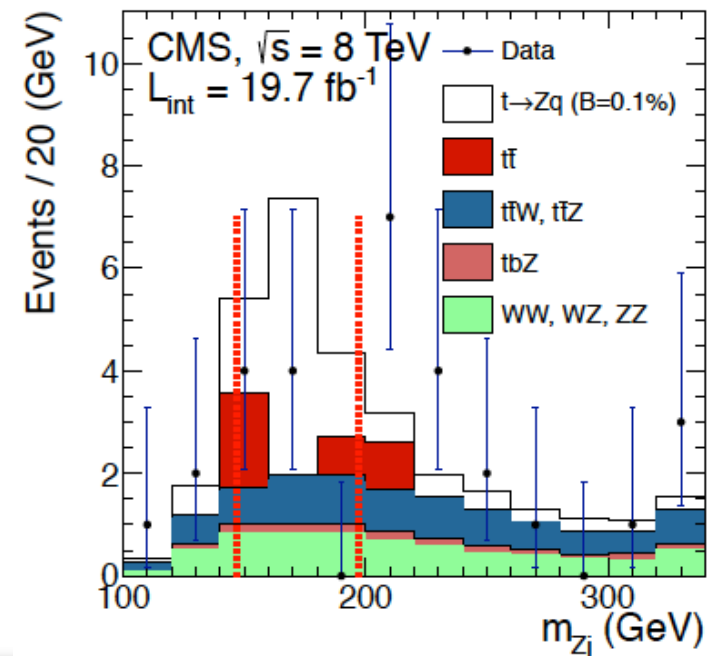
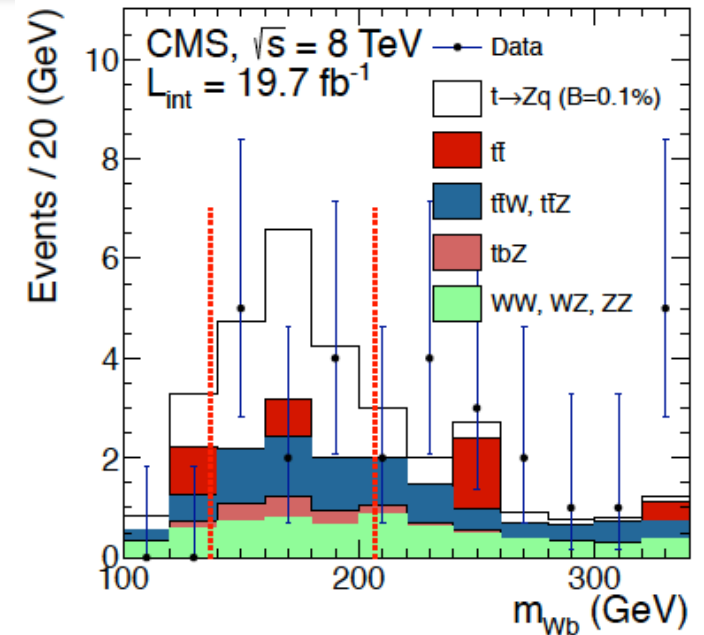
Search for FCNC in top decays

- ▶ **Full 2012 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV: 19.7/fb**
- ▶ $t \rightarrow Zq$ suppressed in SM but can be enhanced in new physics models
- ▶ 3 isolated leptons + at least two jets (exactly one is b-tagged) + missing transverse momentum

Process	Estimation from data	MC prediction
$t \rightarrow Zq$ ($B = 0.1\%$)	—	$6.4 \pm 0.1 \pm 1.3$
Total background	$3.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.8$	$3.2 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.5$
Observed events	1	—

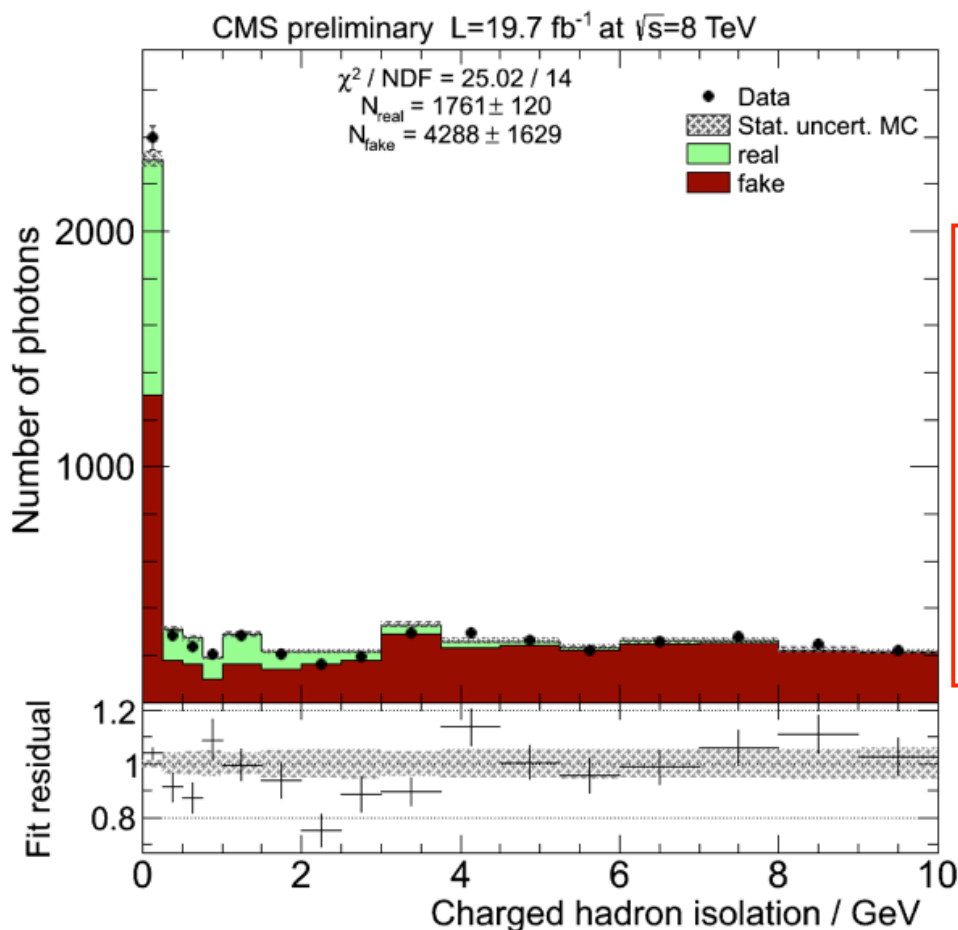
$B(t \rightarrow Zq)$	8 TeV	7 TeV + 8 TeV
Expected upper limit	$<0.10\%$	$<0.09\%$
Observed upper limit	$<0.06\%$	$<0.05\%$
1σ boundary	0.06–0.13%	0.06–0.13%
2σ boundary	0.05–0.20%	0.05–0.18%

CERN-PH-EP-2013-208, accepted by PRL



TTbar + photon cross section

- ▶ Full 2012 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV: 19.7/fb
- ▶ one muon, at least four jets (at least one b-tagged), one γ
- ▶ quantity of correctly identified prompt photons is estimated using a binned maximum likelihood template fit



$$R = \sigma_{t\bar{t}+\gamma} / \sigma_{t\bar{t}}$$

$$= (1.07 \pm 0.07(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.27(\text{syst.})) \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}+\gamma} = R \cdot \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\text{CMS}}$$

$$= 2.4 \pm 0.2(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst.}) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}+\gamma}^{\text{SM}} = 1.8 \pm 0.5 \text{ pb.}$$



Conclusions

- ▶ As a top factory, LHC allows precision measurements of many top properties - they are not only the tests for the SM, but also good probes to new physics
- ▶ CMS latest results of top property measurements have been presented - all presented results are in good agreement with SM predictions



Backup

- ▶ Full 2012 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV: 19.7/fb
- ▶ One isolated lepton, two jets (one b-tagged), MET
- ▶ In t-channel single-top production, top quarks are almost 100% polarized through the V-A coupling structure
- ▶ New physics models may alter the coupling structure which affects the top quark polarization

CMS-TOP-13-001

$$A_l = \frac{N(\cos \theta_{unfolding}^* > 0) - N(\cos \theta_{unfolding}^* < 0)}{N(\cos \theta_{unfolding}^* > 0) + N(\cos \theta_{unfolding}^* < 0)}$$

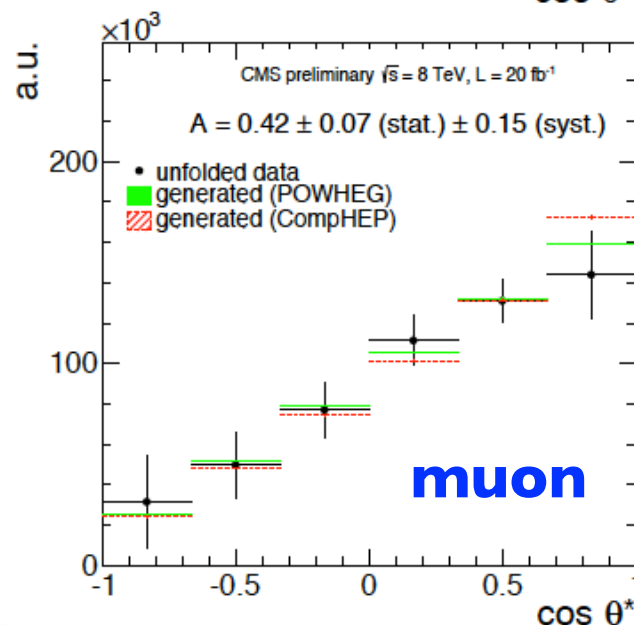
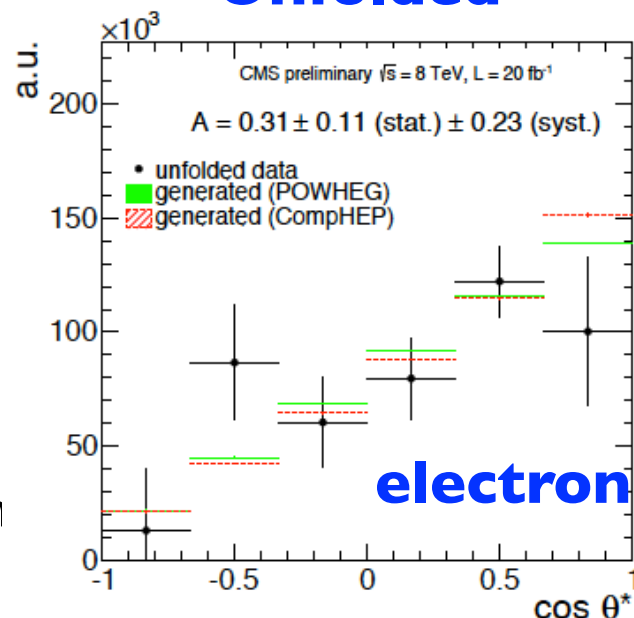
$$A_l \equiv \frac{1}{2} \cdot P_t \cdot \alpha_l$$

Polarization: $0.82 \pm 0.12(\text{stat}) \pm 0.32(\text{syst})$
 Asymmetry:

$$A_l^\mu = 0.42 \pm 0.07(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.15(\text{syst.}),$$

$$A_l^e = 0.31 \pm 0.11(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.23(\text{syst.}).$$

Unfolded



Top mass at 7 TeV - dilepton

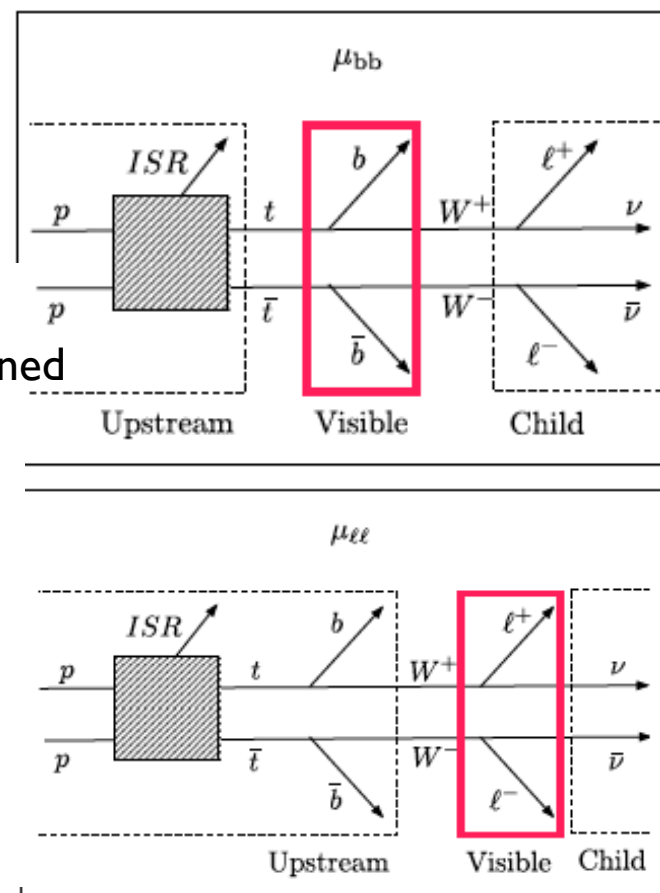
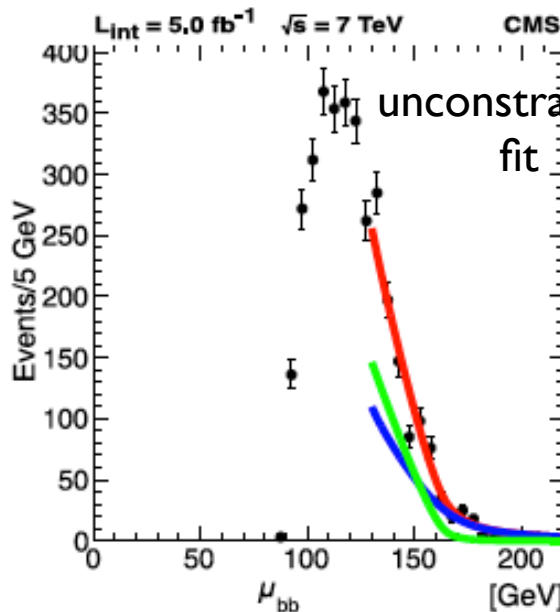
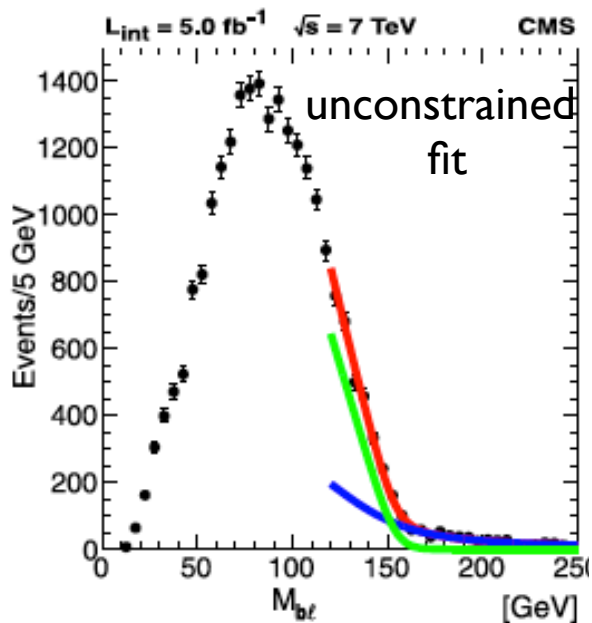
- ▶ Full 2011 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV: 5.0/fb
- ▶ Two isolated leptons, at least two b-tagged jets, MET
- ▶ Technique is based on edges of M_{T2} distributions
- ▶ M_V^2 , M_W and M_t are obtained in a simultaneous fit to three endpoints

μ_{bb} : lower bound of m_t for known m_W

μ_{ll} : endpoint is the W boson mass at $m_\nu = 0$

M_{bl} : endpoint is $\sqrt{(m_t^2 - m_W^2)(m_W^2 - m_\nu^2)}/m_W^2$

CMS-TOP-11-027
 EPIC 73 (2013) 2494



$$M_t = 173.9 \pm 0.9(\text{stat})^{+1.7}_{-2.1}(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV} - \text{fixed } M_W \text{ and } M_V^2$$



Measurement of $B(t \text{ to } Wb)/B(t \text{ to } Wq)$, $q=d,s,b$

- ▶ Full 2012 dataset at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$: 19.7/fb
- ▶ Dilepton channel, purity of the signal sample is quantified by measuring the cross section
- ▶ In the SM, the top decays predominantly into Wb : $R \sim 1$
- ▶ R value is measured by fitting the observed b -tagged jet distribution with a parametric model

$$R = 1.014 \pm 0.003(\text{stat}) \pm 0.032(\text{syst})$$

At 95% C.L., $R > 0.955$, assuming $R \leq 1$.
 $|V_{tb}| > 0.975$, assuming the unitarity of CKM matrix

Indirect measurement on top total decay width $1.36 \pm 0.02(\text{stat})^{+0.14}_{-0.11}(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$

CMS-TOP-12-035
 Submitted to PLB

